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Single copies, 3 cents.

OUR REGULAR ARMY CORRESPONDENCE.
From the Eleventh Army Corps.

The Troops Anxious to Move "On to Richmond!"
The Scott's 900—Where are they?—Camp Life in Winter—What has been Accomplished—Effect of the Emancipation Proclamation.

CHANNELL, Dec. 10, 1862.
By the date of this letter, you will see that the Eleventh Army Corps has not yet joined in the forward march to Richmond. How much longer the corps will remain in its present position, I would not dare to state. It is well known here. A large majority of the officers and men are not only ready, but anxious to proceed and join in the work of reducing the capital of the so-called Confederate States. Cannot you, Mr. Editor, through the columns of the *Intelligencer*, jog the memory of the powers that be to the fact that the Eleventh Army Corps, commanded by Major General Sigel, and composed of many experienced military men, offered by as many experienced military men as any corps in the service, is waiting impatiently for an opportunity to once more meet the enemy face to face. For three months past the corps has been in a position of waiting, and it has occupied this position, and during this period, this whole section has been patrolled, so that the enemy's forces have been kept constantly on the alert. It has rendered valuable service for the cause of the Union.

While upon this subject, please, also, to remind the authorities that there is a full regiment of cavalry—the Scott's 900—which has been a long time in the service, and ought, by this time, to be in a condition to move. It still remained in Washington, D. C., when their services are needed elsewhere. The officers of that command, it is presumed, will eagerly seek any opportunity to be placed where they can have an opportunity to do some good. That point at the present time is with the corps, where two-thirds of the cavalry force is kept upon active duty all the time. It is in the hands of the friends of the Scott's 900 are endeavoring to have that regiment quartered in Washington during the present winter. Such a course would be nothing but a waste of money, and the friends of the Scott's 900 are endeavoring to have a corps great injury. By all means, let them have an opportunity to prove themselves worthy of the distinguished name they bear.

CAMP LIFE IN WINTER.
For the last four days the weather here has been anything but agreeable. A snow storm for two days fairly introduced our cold weather, which was followed by a regular down-east cold snap, that made some of the New England boys wail of home—sighing, coughing, aching, and complaining. But, however, the weather was not so bad as it seemed. The men were not well prepared for this inclement weather, but it would have done your heart good to see how readily and cheerfully the men conformed to the new order of things. Before twenty-four hours had elapsed, after the commencement of the storm, nearly every squad in the whole command was comfortably housed. Tent roofs were banked up, and the men bought, was the work first attended to. There, fire places, ovens, and other luxuries were improved, so that to-day this camp resembles a village in the heart of a winter camp of Union troops in the sunny South.

AN IMPUDENT RECKLESSNESS.

The Old Capitol prison will have another precious specimen of the chivalry placed within its walls to-day. A man named Barnes, well known in these parts, some time ago induced the provost marshal to give a lady a pass to Fall's Church and return. Barnes thus armed got outside the pickets and was soon after taken by the lady, by her son-in-law Colquhoun, who had been through the village, and the efficient assistant provost marshal at Fair fax Court House, heard of the transaction, and yesterday succeeded in capturing the said woman. To-day, he is next to impossible to find a man open avowed such treasonable sentiments. Three months ago, Confederate notes passed current among the people outside of our lines, and, in fact, many received the trash like the lines. To-day, the same paper has no apparent value, and no farmer or store keeper will receive it in exchange for produce or goods, except it be at the muzzle of a pistol. The same people are but too anxious to get Uncle Sam's money, and three months ago slavery existed—in a modified form, it is true—in all Northern Virginia. To-day, there is not an able-bodied slave to be found in field, in workshop, or in any other place, and "helps," negroes, who were once in slavery, to-day demand and receive pay for what they do. Twelve dollars per month is about the average price paid.

A few days ago, at Warrentonville, I tried to hire a "likely" negro. To my astonishment he declined what might have been considered, but a short time ago, a tempting offer. His explanation was brief, but to the point. He had been a slave until he was emancipated, and he had no desire to leave them and go among strangers. I never shall forget the exultant manner in which that black man told me he was free and received wages. This is but one case of many similar ones that have come under my notice. I have had an extended opportunity to judge of the condition of Northern Virginia, and the above is briefly the result of personal observation. The proclamation of President Lincoln has carried a ray of sunshine to the hearts of every black man throughout the South. The negroes all know of it, and realize its full import. That proclamation, that has made the traitor slaveholder tremble, and rely upon it, to that we owe the change of sentiment in this section of Virginia. A few months hence, and I doubt if a man could be found willing to own that he ever had anything to do, or even sympathized, with the rebellion.

Press North Carolina.

Newbern advises to the 1st inst., that in consequence of the strong opposition of the first party in Eastern North Carolina, who wish no grounds to be given for nullifying the President's emancipation proclamation, no election will be ordered for Representatives to the Thirty-seventh Congress from North Carolina. Petitions are being circulated for an early election to the next Congress.

It has been discovered that it is the intention of the rebel government to abandon, immediately, all that portion of North Carolina lying eastward of the Weldon and Wilmington railroad. The health of the officers and soldiers in the Department of North Carolina continues good. The yellow fever is slowly abating at Wilmington.

The recent expedition of Lieut. Cushing up New river to Onslow, seized the contents of the post office, a quantity of arms and stores, and destroyed a large amount of cotton and turpentine.

ARRIVAL OF COTTON.—The Mary Miller arrived at Cincinnati on Friday, from Cairo, bringing 320 bales of cotton. This is the largest shipment of cotton for this season.

Among the Choctaw, Cherokee, Creek, and Chickasaw Indians there are 7,369 slaves belonging to 1,154 owners.

New Publication.
A TREATISE UPON THE LAW OF PROMISSORY NOTES AND BILLS OF EXCHANGE. By Theophilus Parsons, LL. D.

It is seldom that we have occasion to notice law publications, but the work above mentioned seems to us deserving of mention, because the want of a law book, which should treat in a full yet concise manner the law of negotiable paper, as it exists in America, has long been felt. In this work, like those which have preceded it from the same pen, there is to be noticed a wonderfully systematic arrangement of the divisions of the subject. However, it is the treatment of many topics upon which English authors are entirely silent which will render this work of the greatest use to the American lawyer, banker, and merchant. The law of promissory notes, which is the American form of business paper, as distinguished from the English bill of exchange, is singularly interesting by different forms in the different States of the Union, and the close business relations of the different sovereignties composing the republic render it necessary to have at hand an authority, which is perfectly reliable, upon the law of each State. So far as we can judge from cases examined here and there, this work seems the most perfect, possible, with regard to the differences in the law of different States. For instance, the law with regard to surety and endorser, and the liabilities which they assume in different States, is laid down clearly and exhaustively. Again, the intercourse of the States give rise to all questions of conflicting laws which never could arise in Great Britain, and for the discussion of which it is vain to consult the English jurisconsults. We notice, moreover, that this book is so far complete that even the constructions which must arise upon the law of stamps, as applied to negotiable paper, are shadowed forth and predicted from English decisions upon that subject.

In American books all discussion of the law of stamps has been omitted, because to the American lawyer these questions are not even a matter of curiosity. In England, however, since our Revolution, a vast number of cases have collected upon this subject, and these now concern us most nearly and have furnished the learned author with a deposit upon which he has drawn freely and without his drafts being dishonored. This peculiarity alone makes this book the only one which the lawyer in practice would now think of purchasing or which would now be of use to banker or merchant. In pursuing this work we meet with equally exhaustive discussions of the old law, now almost obsolete with us, of acceptance *supra protest* for honor—the most necessary topic of waver of notice and the law of payment by blank bills and checks, which have been discussed in many States and determined most variously. It cannot but be flattering to the author. We perceive that the very position which he has taken with regard to payment by checks has been decided to be the correct one by the Supreme Court of the United States, (*O'Brien vs. Smith*, 1 Black, 99,) reported since his book was pressed. We must congratulate the author upon securing the publication of this, perhaps the most perfect of the distinguished author's productions.

The *Grenada Appeal* is again a "fugitive from justice." Hearing of the approach of our forces and impressed with a conviction that he might receive rough treatment at the hands of men whom he had so recently vilified, the Editor "looked up his horns" and skedaddled.

EMANCIPATION.—Some of the clergymen of Boston, part of the New England "three thousand," have formed what they call an "Emancipation Commission," for the purpose of backing up the emancipation proclamation of the President. They have issued an address to Mr. Lincoln.

The Louisville Journal states that upward of six wagon loads of mail matter, books, pamphlets, and papers have been sold and destroyed at Bowling Green, Ky., within the last month. Most of them were sent thither for the use of sick soldiers.

ADAM THUNDER was drafted in Franklin township, Pennsylvania, and Theodore Lightning has been drafted in the third ward of Kenosha. With the assistance of Thunder and Lightning, we certainly ought to be able to conquer rebels.

The Richmond Examiner says the Navy Department issued peremptory orders for the mounting of a formidable piece of ordnance on Drury's Bluff, where Fort Darling stands, the novel construction of which has excited the attention of military men for some time past.

"Brigadier Majors"—that is a military title which they have got in the Provinces of Canada.

The contractors for supplying the soldiers with drawers actually pay, in New York, the exorbitant price of four cents each to the needwomans engaged on the work!

It is rumored that a plan had been laid for the assassination of Louis Napoleon.

READY IN A FEW DAYS.
The Results of Emancipation.

By M. AUGUSTIN COCHES.
Translated by Miss Mary L. Booth, translator of *M. Gappari's Works on America*.

So little is positively known of the economical and political condition of the Southern States where it has taken place, that the importance of this volume to the people of the United States, in the present crisis, can hardly be overestimated. The work was written at the suggestion of the learned Count Montebello, is based entirely on official reports, and its statements, which comprehend every form of the question, are fully reliable. It is an ex-ante and municipal collection of the city of Paris. He has had great advantages for research among both public and private documents, and has devoted his life to the study of the subject. The work is a ray of sunshine to the hearts of every black man throughout the South. The negroes all know of it, and realize its full import. That proclamation, that has made the traitor slaveholder tremble, and rely upon it, to that we owe the change of sentiment in this section of Virginia. A few months hence, and I doubt if a man could be found willing to own that he ever had anything to do, or even sympathized, with the rebellion.

SMITH & BEALL, No. 361 SEVENTH STREET, between I and K streets, is the Cheapest Clothing House in town. Try them.
Nov 21—dijani

EDWARD LYCETT, Bookseller,
No. 71 FIFTH AVE., WASHINGTON, D. C.
Books bound in every style—Turkey, Morocco, Russia and Calf.
Nov 21—lm

OAK HALL CLOTHING HOUSE, No. 466 Seventh street, near F street, the Great Bazaar of Fashion, where you can find the best cut and made Clothing for Men and Boys' wear that the market can produce, and at prices, for cheapness, and durability of our goods, defy competition. (Our neighbor Smith, two doors above, so long noted for selling clothing less than any house in the city, in a private conversation, acknowledged to us that our Boys' Clothing was the best made and cut goods he ever saw; and, if the citizens of Washington were seated in the goods I have, my store would be overrun with ladies and gentlemen in want of clothing, and I only wish to have you call and see our beautiful assortments of clothing, and I think that our prices and goods will more than pay you for calling at the Leading Clothing House, No. 466 Seventh street, near F street, two doors below Smith's.

Everybody knows Smith, but, instead of calling at his place, come in two doors below.
N. B.—I have a special word to say to the Ladies, that I can please them better than ever in Boys' Clothing, as my stock exceeds anything I ever had.
J. BRUCE & CO., Formerly at Ocean Hall, now 71—dijani

ACARD, OAK HALL CLOTHING ROOM.
Mr. Bruce, formerly at the Ocean Hall, has now opened a new store at No. 466 Seventh street, just below Smith's, where he has a fine selection of Men and Boys' clothing at very low prices; he is desirous of having all his old customers call on him, as they can buy goods at lower prices than any other store in the city.
J. BRUCE & CO., 466 Seventh street, near F street, Call and see Mr. Bruce, at No. 466 Seventh street, near F street.
Mr. Bruce has a Fine Stock of Clothing for Men and Boys' wear, at No. 466 Seventh street, opposite City Post Office.
Mr. Bruce is the man to please the Boys in Clothing. Everybody knows that Mr. Bruce can sell Boys' Clothing cheaper than any one else. No. 466 Seventh street, opposite City Post Office.
For Men and Boys' Clothing call on Mr. Bruce, at Oak Hall, No. 466 Seventh street, between E and F streets, or at his new place in Boys' Clothing, at Oak Hall, No. 466 Seventh street, opposite City Post Office.
Nov 21—dijani

GRAND ADVANCE OF THE ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, and all the stores are crying up the prices of their goods but SMITH & BEALL, No. 361 Seventh street. We are able to sell good clothing nearly as cheap as ever. We have been fighting against high prices for the last year, and our stock now is good, and we are able to sell at low prices.
SMITH is all the time in the market picking up goods at old prices, and that is one reason we undersell all others. We have the means and ability to sell cheap, and we will do it, as our customers want Good Clothing at low prices, and we are just the men to sell it to them. A call is solicited at the CHEAP CLOTHING HOUSE of SMITH & BEALL, Clothing, Nov 21—dijani First door below the market.

WHO SAYS NO? We say that our store in the First Ward may not have caused a commotion, but we say that we are running off an immense stock of Clothing at the Leading First Ward store, corner of Twentieth street and Pennsylvania avenue, but who ever saw a store where Smith was that did not do business? and the reason is, they always sell their goods too cheap. That is why they are always poor. (Who ever heard of a Smith getting rich? I never did.) We are determined to furnish all the First Ward with Good Clothing.
Everybody had better come soon and buy, as our neighbors, in a similar business, say that we cannot stand it more than ninety days longer selling goods so cheap, but we have a very large lot of Clothing, Hats, Caps, Boots, and Shoes left, and we are determined to run them off at great bargains, at Headquarters for Clothing in the First Ward, corner of Twentieth street and Pennsylvania avenue and No. 466 Seventh street.
Nov 21—dijani SMITH & CO.

PROPOSALS FOR HAY.
DEPT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, Corner 18th & G streets, Washington, December 5, 1862.
SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until TWELFTH, the 16th day of December, at 12 o'clock A. M., for furnishing the Government with four thousand (4,000) tons of Hay.
Hay to be good merchantable TIMOTHY, put up in bales, and delivered at two thousand (2,000) pounds to the ton.
Delivery to be made in the city of Washington, within twenty-five days of the date of the contract.
Proposals will be received for five united (500) tons of Hay and upwards.
The official name and address of the bidder must appear in the proposal.
If a bid is made in the name of a firm, the names of all the partners, and the name of the person considered as the individual proposer of the partner signing it.
Proposals from disinterested parties will not be considered, and an OATH OF ALLEGIANCE MUST ACCOMPANY EACH PROPOSITION.
Proposals must be addressed to Colonel D. H. Rucker, Quartermaster U. S. Army, Washington, D. C., and should be plainly marked "Proposals for Hay."
GUARANTEE.
The ability of the bidder to fill the contract, should it be awarded to him, must be guaranteed by two responsible persons, whose signatures must be appended to the guarantee.
The responsibility of the guarantors must be shown by the official certificate of the clerk of the nearest District Court, or of the United States District Attorney.
Bidders must be present in person when the bids are opened, or their proxies, who will be considered as the contract, signed by the contractor and both of his guarantors, will be required of the successful bidder upon signing of the contract.
As the bond must accompany the contract, it will be necessary for the bidders to have their bonds with them, and to have them signed in anticipation and ready to be produced when the contract is signed.
Bonds for bonds can be procured upon application being made at this office, either personally, by letter, or by telegraph.
Form of Guarantee.
We, _____ of the county of _____, and State of _____, do hereby guarantee that _____ is able to fulfill a contract in accordance with the terms of his proposition, and that, should his proposition be accepted, he will at once enter into a contract in accordance therewith.
Should the contract be awarded him, we are prepared to become his security.
(This guarantee must be appended to the official certificate of the clerk of the nearest District Court, or of the United States District Attorney.)
INSPECTION, DELIVERY, &c.
All Hay contracted for under this advertisement will be rigidly inspected, and such as do not prove of a good sound merchantable quality will be rejected.
Payment to be made upon the completion of the contract, or as soon thereafter as the Dept. Quartermaster shall be in funds.
Any information to the bid, or non-compliance with the terms of this advertisement, will ensure the rejection of the proposal.
Delivery to be made at the Railroad Depot, or at one of the Government Wharves in the city of Washington.
The Depot Quartermaster reserves to himself the right to reject any or all bids that he may deem too high.
D. H. RUCKER, Colonel and Depot Quartermaster.
dec 5—dijani

OFFICERS' AND SOLDIERS' GOODS.
FURNITON & SCOFIELD,
John A., New York, and 302 E street, near Willards'.
Full assortment of Military and Family Goods, Cheviots, Flannels, Stationery, and genuine Sperry Army Gait, Gun Polish, &c. Full stock of Fireworks, Sole Agents for the Colored.
20 E street, juncture Pennsylvania avenue.
Nov 21—lm

WILLIAM GROSSE, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN TOBACCO AND SEGARS, AND MEERSHAUM PIPES, Corner of Pennsylvania avenue and Sixth st., WASHINGTON, D. C.
Having recently enlarged my place of business, I am now prepared to offer to the citizens of Washington the best brands of Tobacco and Segars, at wholesale or retail, cheaper than can be bought elsewhere.
LA FAVORITA BUENO, KLANGENTERS, LA TUSCA, FLOR DE MAYO, LA ESPINOLA, LA DEPARTA.
Are excellent brands, and every lover of good Segars are to feel them.
Also, Choice Tobacco of all kinds, wholesale and retail.
WILLIAM GROSSE, Cor. Penn. ave. and Sixth st.
Nov 20—lm

NOTICE.
JUDGE ADVOCATE OF THE ARMY.
Washington City, D. C., Nov. 16, 1862.
Applications having been made to me by Washington to their friends and families in the North, notice is hereby given that all applicants must make a written statement of the cause of their absence, by oath, between this date and the 15th day of December next, setting forth—
First, The name, age, and residence of the applicant.
Second, The date when she came within the military lines of the United States, for what purpose, and where she has since resided.
Third, The place she desires to go to, and the purpose or object thereof.
The persons to whom leave may be granted will be given a certificate of the fact, and the same shall be shown to the United States in Virginia, with such personal effects as shall be allowed to pass.
No person will be allowed to leave her home more than one trunk or package of female wearing apparel, weighing not over one hundred pounds, and subject to inspection and any attempt to smuggle overland property will forfeit the same, and subject the party to imprisonment during the war.
C. A. KEE, Major and Judge Advocate.
Nov 17

Edwards Everett's Reply to an English Lord.
BY POLITICAL PRAND.
What have we in America? We have a grand and glorious future. We have the seed of the earth, the cream of every land.
Our mountains are magnificent. Our rivers are immense. And each man has a kindly style. It is not a king's expense.
Our ships are known to all the world; Our cities, full of luxury. We are famous for the best.
We're orators and authors, too. With intellects of force. We're men of science everywhere. And one Professor Rucker.
Our girls have beauty, wit, and grace. They're charming, sweet, and soft. But, then, the greatest thing we have is known as great OAK HALL.

Where the fall and winter stock of first-class clothing is now ready in extra abundance and greatest variety. All the new-style Overcoats, Suits, Business Coats, Peg-top Pants, &c., selling at prices so low that everybody will buy and be satisfied.
J. BRUCE & CO., (Oak Hall), No. 466, Seventh street near F, Nov 21—dijani Two doors below Smith's.

PROPOSALS FOR BEEF CATTLE.
SEALED PROPOSALS are invited until the 23d day of December, 1862, for supplying the United States Subsistence Department with 5,000 head of Beef Cattle on the hoof.
The cattle to be delivered at Washington, D. C., and each animal to average 1,000 pounds gross. No cattle admitted that weighs less than 1,000 pounds gross.
The first delivery to be made on or about the 10th day of January, 1863, or as soon thereafter as the Government may direct. 600 head of Cattle per week will be required to be delivered under this contract.
A bond with good and sufficient security will be required. Twenty percent of the purchase money will be retained until the completion of the contract.
Proposals from contractors who have previously failed to comply with their contracts, from disinterested persons, or where the bidder is not present to respond to his bid, will not be considered.
The names of firms who are invited to fill, with the precise address of each member of the firm, must be accompanied by a certificate of indebtedness, or such other funds as Government may have for disbursement.
All bids to be accompanied by two guarantees and directed to C. A. BECKWITH, A. D. C., and endorsed "Proposals for Beef Cattle."
Form of Guarantee.
We, _____ of the county of _____, and State of _____, do hereby guarantee that _____ is able to fulfill the contract with the terms of his proposition, and that, should his proposition be accepted, he will at once enter into a contract in accordance therewith.
Should the contract be awarded him, we are prepared to become his securities.
(This guarantee must be appended to each bid.)
The responsibility of the guarantors must be shown by the official certificate of the clerk of the nearest District Court, or of the United States District Attorney.
Bids which do not comply with the above will be rejected.
Nov 21—lm

XXX CREAM ALE.
The undersigned has the pleasure of informing the citizens of Washington and the vicinity, that he has been appointed Sole Agent for the celebrated XXX CREAM ALE AND PORTER.

The superiority of this Ale is so well known that the demand for it is rapidly increasing. Its introduction into this city is already under way by a large number of private families in the District of Columbia.

XXX CREAM ALE is brewed expressly for family use and contains none of the deleterious substances which are so frequently introduced into the manufacture of Ale and Porter to assist fermentation.

XXX CREAM ALE is particularly recommended as a mild as well as pleasant tonic.
To persons suffering from the loss of appetite or the disease of indigestion, which are so common in this city, giving a healthy and vigorous action to the stomach.

XXX CREAM ALE is highly recommended by the Faculty of Philadelphia and by the principal physicians of Washington.

XXX CREAM ALE is put up in pint and quart bottles and small kegs, for family use, and is delivered to any part of the city at a low price. It is also the most superior quality of Bottled Cider.

SUTLERS' GOODS.
Provisions, Ham, Dried Beef, Dried Tongues, Canned Apples, Pickles, Chow Chow, etc. Worcester's Sauce, Lard, White Malters, Mustard, Ginger and Raspberry Syrup, Champagne Wines, various Brands, Assorted Preserves.
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TO THE OFFICERS OF THE ARMY.
Just arrived, by direct importation per steamer Fulton, from Europe, a very fine and large assortment of Marine, Opera, Field Glasses, and Telescopes, which I will sell a very little above the cost in Paris. As to the quality, there are none superior to be had, having been selected purposely for this market. Also, a large and well-assorted stock of Opera Glasses, Microscopes, gold, silver, and steel Spectacles and Eye Glasses, suited to the sight of the use of an Optometrist. A considerable number of certificates to be seen at my office, from gentlemen who have been seen at my establishment.
For sale by NORRIS, CALDWELL & CO., 213 Pennsylvania avenue, Opposite Willards' Hotel.
Nov 20—lm

TOBACCO AND SEGAR WAREHOUSE.
WILLIAM GROSSE, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN TOBACCO AND SEGARS, AND MEERSHAUM PIPES, Corner of Pennsylvania avenue and Sixth st., WASHINGTON, D. C.

Having recently enlarged my place of business, I am now prepared to offer to the citizens of Washington the best brands of Tobacco and Segars, at wholesale or retail, cheaper than can be bought elsewhere.
LA FAVORITA BUENO, KLANGENTERS, LA TUSCA, FLOR DE MAYO, LA ESPINOLA, LA DEPARTA.
Are excellent brands, and every lover of good Segars are to feel them.
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Our mountains are magnificent. Our rivers are immense. And each man has a kindly style. It is not a king's expense.
Our ships are known to all the world; Our cities, full of luxury. We are famous for the best.
We're orators and authors, too. With intellects of force. We're men of science everywhere. And one Professor Rucker.
Our girls have beauty, wit, and grace. They're charming, sweet, and soft. But, then, the greatest thing we have is known as great OAK HALL.

Where the fall and winter stock of first-class clothing is now ready in extra abundance and greatest variety. All the new-style Overcoats, Suits, Business Coats, Peg-top Pants, &c., selling at prices so low that everybody will buy and be satisfied.
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Form of Guarantee.
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Should the contract be awarded him, we are prepared to become his securities.
(This guarantee must be appended to each bid.)
The responsibility of the guarantors must be shown by the official certificate of the clerk of the nearest District Court, or of the United States District Attorney.
Bids which do not comply with the above will be rejected.
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LA FAVORITA BUENO, KLANGENTERS, LA TUSCA, FLOR DE MAYO, LA ESPINOLA, LA DEPARTA.
Are excellent brands, and every lover of good Segars are to feel them.
Also, Choice Tobacco of all kinds, wholesale and retail.
WILLIAM GROSSE, Cor. Penn. ave. and Sixth st.
Nov 20—lm

NOTICE.
JUDGE ADVOCATE OF THE ARMY.
Washington City, D. C., Nov. 16, 1862.
Applications having been made to me by Washington to their friends and families in the North, notice is hereby given that all applicants must make a written statement of the cause of their absence, by oath, between this date and the 15th day of December next, setting forth—
First, The name, age, and residence of the applicant.
Second, The date when she came within the military lines of the United States, for what purpose, and where she has since resided.
Third, The place she desires to go to, and the purpose or object thereof.
The persons to whom leave may be granted will be given a certificate of the fact, and the same shall be shown to the United States in Virginia, with such personal effects as shall be allowed to pass.
No person will be allowed to leave her home more than one trunk or package of female wearing apparel, weighing not over one hundred pounds, and subject to inspection and any attempt to smuggle overland property will forfeit the same, and subject the party to imprisonment during the war.
C. A. KEE, Major and Judge Advocate.
Nov 17

Edwards Everett's Reply to an English Lord.
BY POLITICAL PRAND.
What have we in America? We have a grand and glorious future. We have the seed of the earth, the cream of every land.
Our mountains are magnificent. Our rivers are immense. And each man has a kindly style. It is not a king's expense.
Our ships are known to all the world; Our cities, full of luxury. We are famous for the best.
We're orators and authors, too. With intellects of force. We're men of science everywhere. And one Professor Rucker.
Our girls have beauty, wit, and grace. They're charming, sweet, and soft. But, then, the greatest thing we have is known as great OAK HALL.

Where the fall and winter stock of first-class clothing is now ready in extra abundance and greatest variety. All the new-style Overcoats, Suits, Business Coats, Peg-top Pants, &c., selling at prices so low that everybody will buy and be satisfied.
J. BRUCE & CO., (Oak Hall), No. 466, Seventh street near F, Nov 21—dijani Two doors below Smith's.

PROPOSALS FOR BEEF CATTLE.
SEALED PROPOSALS are invited until the 23d day of December, 1862, for supplying the United States Subsistence Department with 5,000 head of Beef Cattle on the hoof.
The cattle to be delivered at Washington, D. C., and each animal to average 1,000 pounds gross. No cattle admitted that weighs less than 1,000 pounds gross.
The first delivery to be made on or about the 10th day of January, 1863, or as soon thereafter as the Government may direct. 600 head of Cattle per week will be required to be delivered under this contract.
A bond with good and sufficient security will be required. Twenty percent of the purchase money will be retained until the completion of the contract.
Proposals from contractors who have previously failed to comply with their contracts, from disinterested persons, or where the bidder is not present to respond to his bid, will not be considered.
The names of firms who are invited to fill, with the precise address of each member of the firm, must be accompanied by a certificate of indebtedness, or such other funds as Government may have for disbursement.
All bids to be accompanied by two guarantees and directed to C. A. BECKWITH, A. D. C., and endorsed "Proposals for Beef Cattle."
Form of Guarantee.
We, _____ of the county of _____, and State of _____, do hereby guarantee that _____ is able to fulfill the contract with the terms of his proposition, and that, should his proposition be accepted, he will at once enter into a contract in accordance therewith.
Should the contract be awarded him, we are prepared to become his securities.
(This guarantee must be appended to each bid.)
The responsibility of the guarantors must be shown by the official certificate of the clerk of the nearest District Court, or of the United States District Attorney.
Bids which do not comply with the above will be rejected.
Nov 21—lm

WILLIAM GROSSE, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN TOBACCO AND SEGARS, AND MEERSHAUM PIPES, Corner of Pennsylvania avenue and Sixth st., WASHINGTON, D. C.
Having recently enlarged my place of business, I am now prepared to offer to the citizens of Washington the best brands of Tobacco and Segars, at wholesale or retail, cheaper than can be bought elsewhere.
LA FAVORITA BUENO, KLANGENTERS, LA TUSCA, FLOR DE MAYO, LA ESPINOLA, LA DEPARTA.
Are excellent brands, and every lover of good Segars are to feel them.
Also, Choice Tobacco of all kinds, wholesale and retail.
WILLIAM GROSSE, Cor. Penn. ave. and Sixth st.
Nov 20—lm

TEA! TEA! TEA!
SPICES! TEA!
GROUND COFFEES!! TOBACCO!!!

A large invoice of the above articles are now being received, and for sale by
D. J. BROWN, Commission Broker, No. 4, Washington Building, Seventh street and Penn. avenue.

SUTLERS TAKE NOTICE!
Tea in 1/2 pound packs.
Tea in 1/4, 1/2, 3/4, 1, 1 1/2, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20 pound boxes.
Canned Tomatoes in 2 dozen boxes.
Canned Peaches in 2 dozen boxes.
Pickles in 2 dozen boxes.
Gum Drops in 1/2 pound papers.
Gum Drops in 1/4 pound boxes.
Raisins in boxes and 1/2 boxes.
Pepper in 2 ounce papers and in 1 gross boxes.
English Mustard in 1/2 and 1 gross boxes and cans.
English Mustard in 1/4 and 1 gross boxes.
Preserved Cherries in bottles.
Figs in 1/2 pound drums and 1 pound boxes.
Lemon Syrup in bottles.
PLUG TOBACCO, FINE-CUT TOBACCO, CIGARS.

For sale by
D. J. BROWN, No. 4, Washington Building, Seventh street and Penn. avenue, Washington, D. C.

TO THE OFFICERS OF THE ARMY.
Just arrived, by direct importation per steamer Fulton, from Europe, a very fine and large assortment of Marine, Opera, Field Glasses, and Telescopes, which I will sell a very little above the cost in Paris. As to the quality